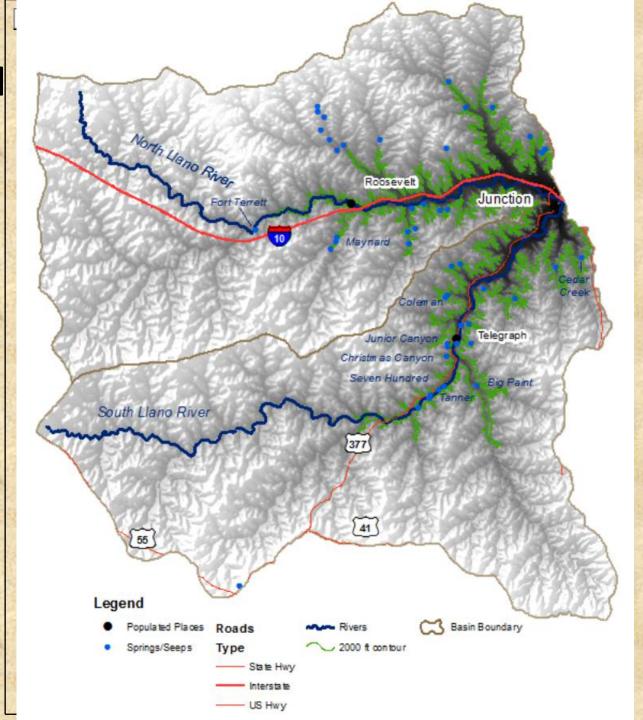
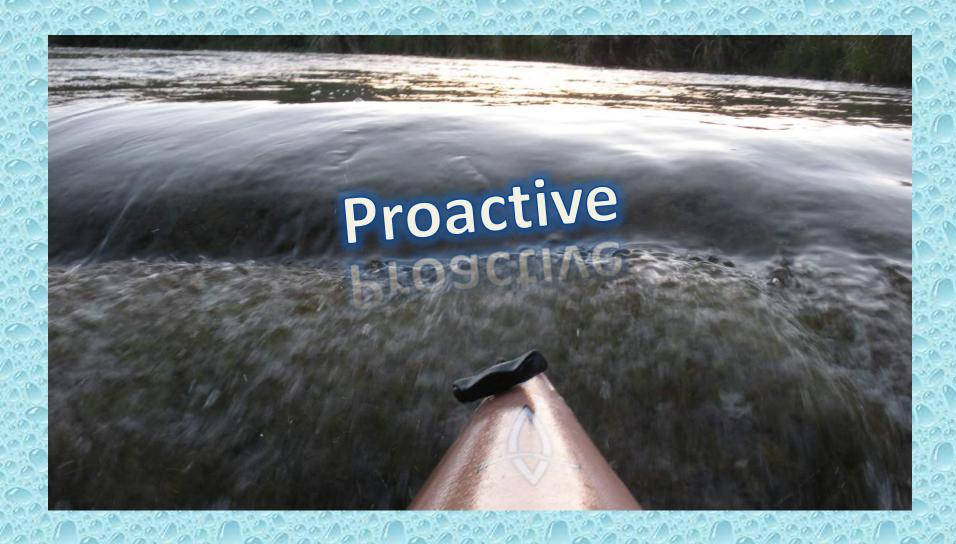


Upper Llano River Watershed

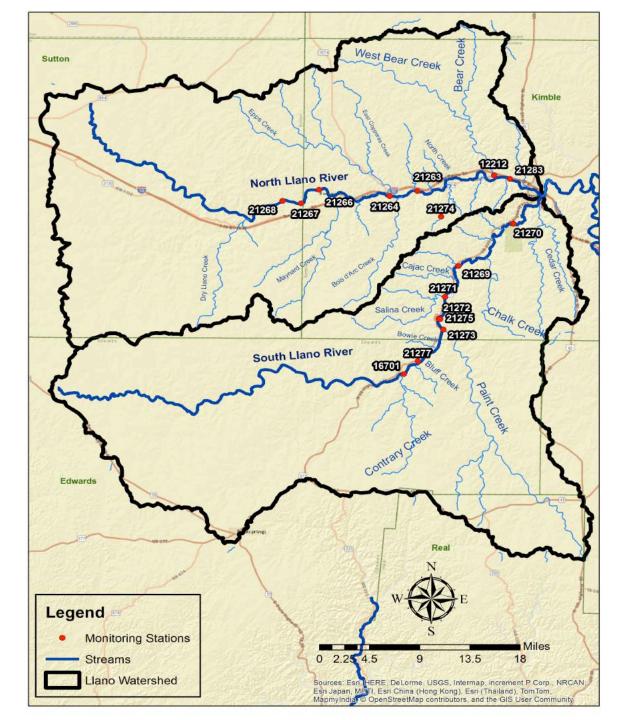




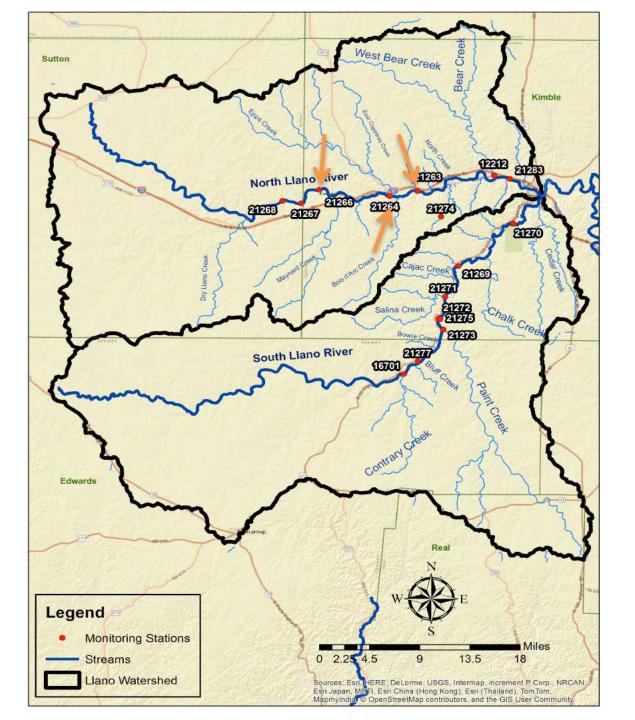
Healthy Watershed Initiative







Water Quality Monitoring Sites

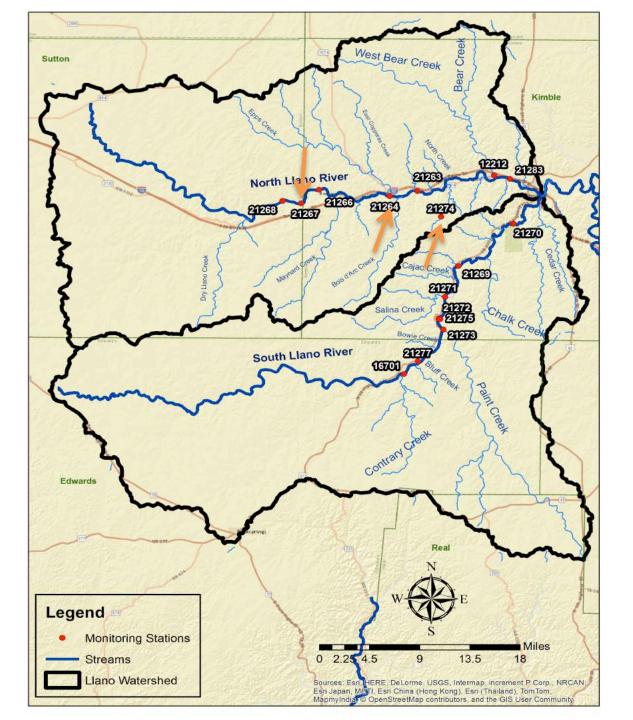


Water Quality Monitoring Sites

Dissolved Oxygen Less than 5 mg/L

#21263 @ CR 274 #21264 @ CR 275 #21266 @ CR 260

All 3 in June of 2013 #21263 in Sept 2014



Water Quality Monitoring Sites

*E-Coli*Geometric Mean
> 126 cfu/100ml

#21264 @ CR 275 #21267 @ Richardson #21274 @ Bois D'Arc

<u>Upper Llano River</u> <u>Watershed Protection Plan</u>

Proactive Local Stakeholder Process Address Water Quality and Water Quantity

Livestock & Wildlife	Land Management	Water Quality & Water Conservation
Grazing Management	Brush Control and Water Supply Enhancement	Septic Systems
Deer and Exotics	Prescribed Burning	Water Conservation
Feral Hogs	Stream Bank & Riparian Buffer Improvement	Urban Stormwater Management

Bacterial Pollution Feral Hogs



Feral Hog Taskforce

Share information and resources



Riparian Restoration

Unique
Exclosure
Research
Opportunity
and
Conservation
Demonstration
Area



Land Management

Upland Land Management

Over 500,000
ac. in
watershed is in
medium to
high density
brush



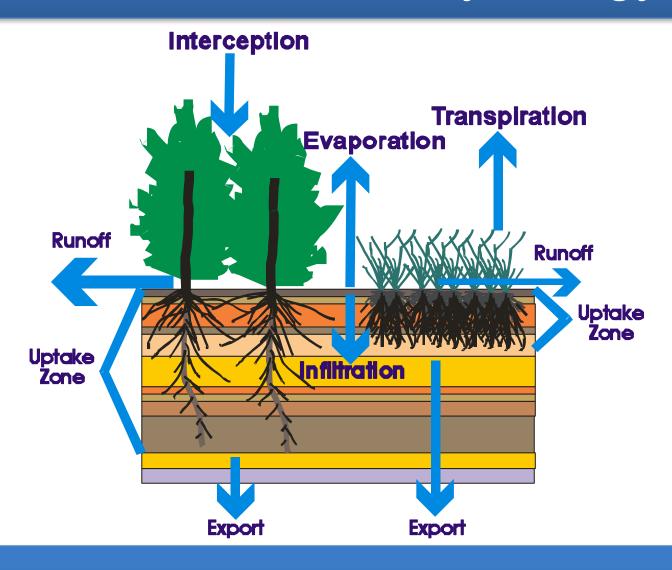
EDYS

Ecological Dynamics Simulation Model Output

Upper Llano Rivers Watersheds

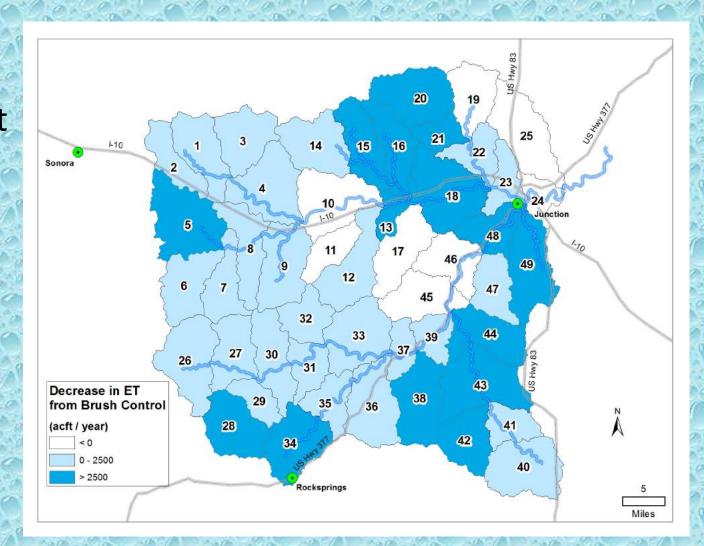


EDYS Plot-Level Hydrology

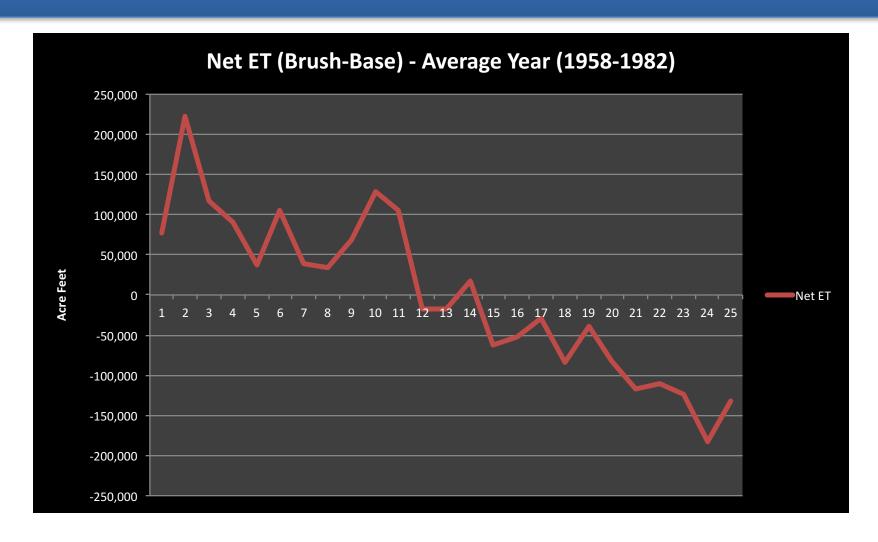


Brush Control to Enhance Water Supply

Model Output identifies areas with greatest potential for water yield from brush control



Model Output-Brush Removal





Model Output-Brush Removal

Annual removal of ~ 9,000 Acres of Medium-High Density Brush

on Slopes <12% for 25 years – Average Conditions

Ashe –Juniper and Mesquite Only

with Grazing Management

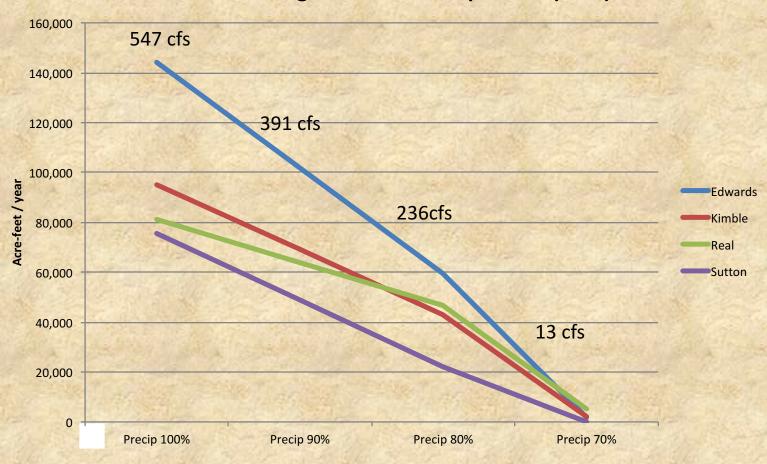
Follow up fire treatment every 6 years

RESULTS

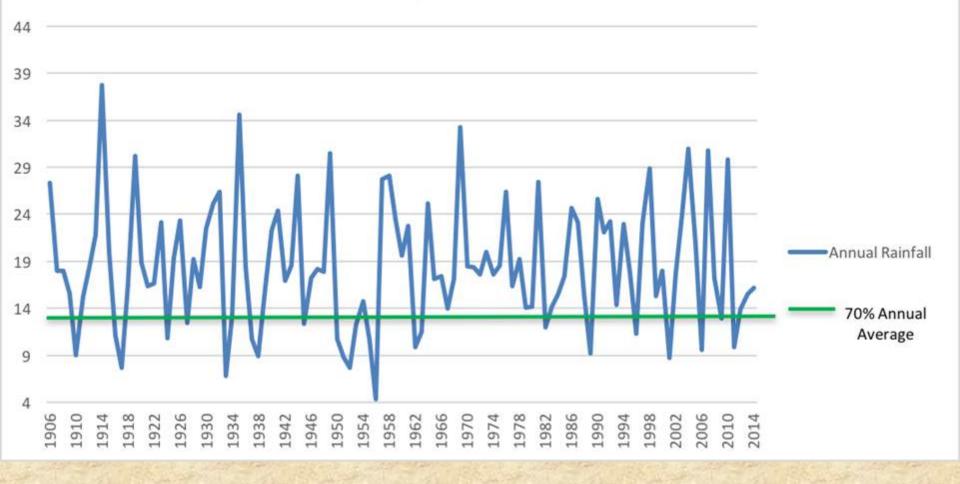
- At first, Transpiration decreases but Evaporation Increases
 - After Year 12, ET decreases by 75,000 ac-ft
 - Continues to be decreased with proper stewardship



Annual Recharge v Annual Precipitation (ac-ft)

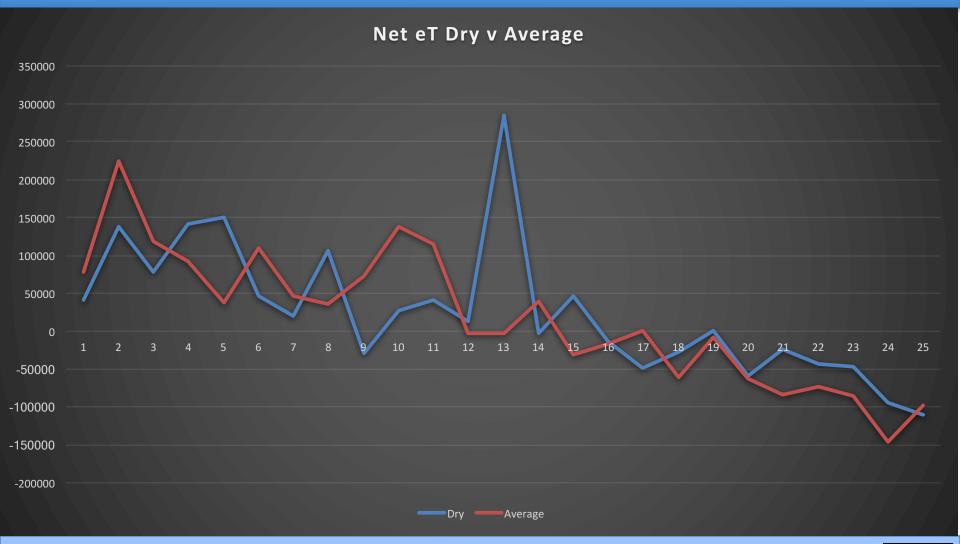


Annual Average Rainfall Del Rio, Texas 1906-2015



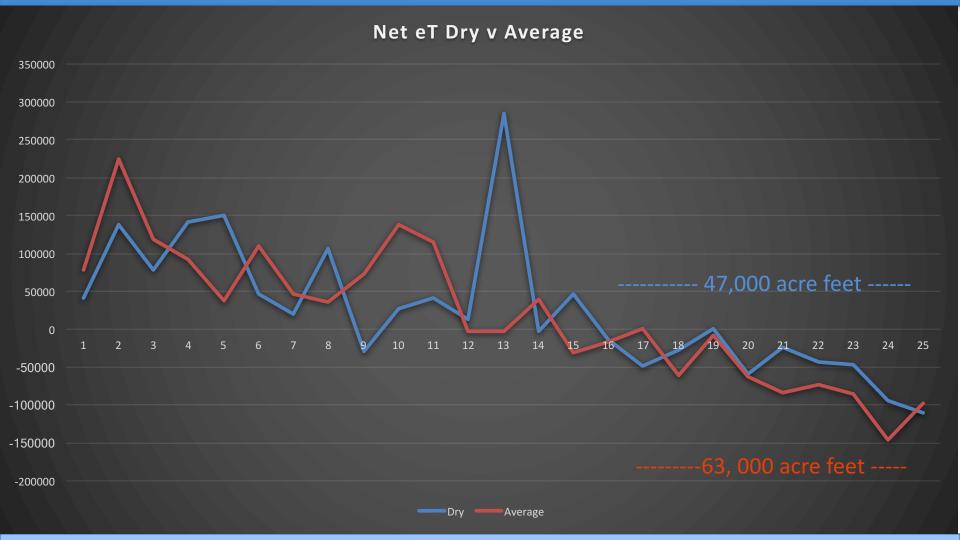
- 24 out 110 years (22%)
- 6 or 7 years during 50s
- 6 times since 1982
- Zero times 1963-1982

Model Output-Brush Removal

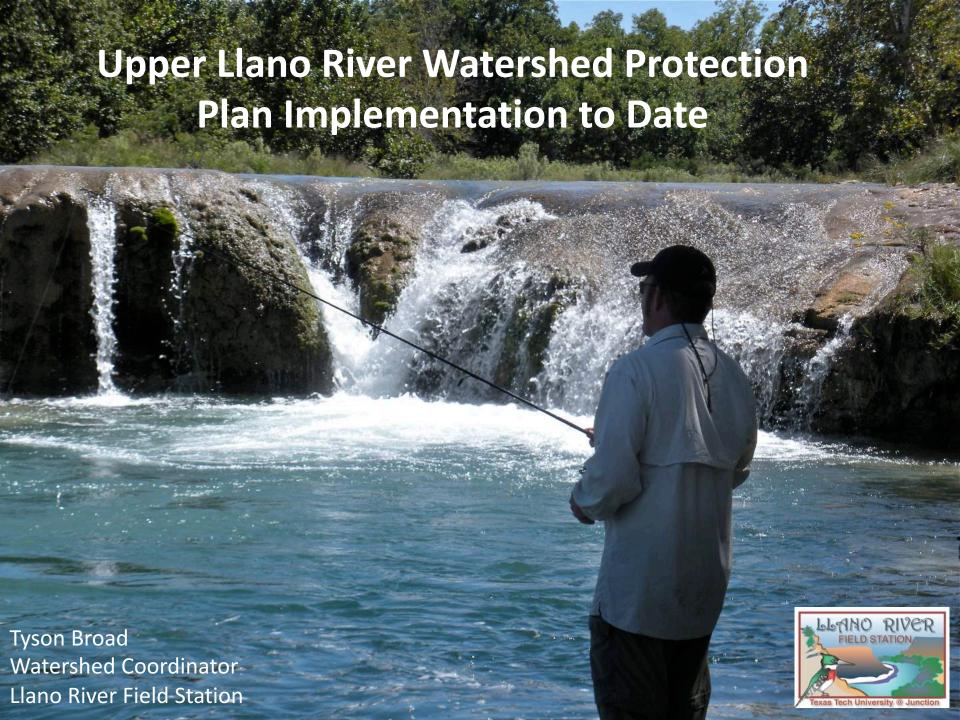




Model Output-Brush Removal







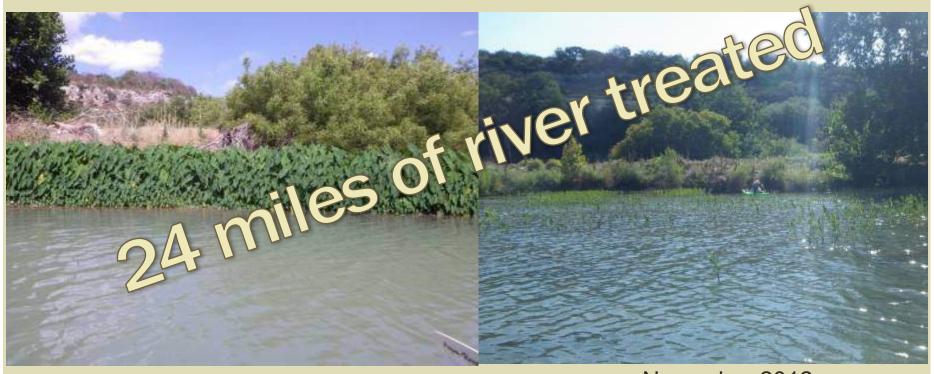
Riparian Restoration



RIPARIAN RESTORATION



RIPARIAN RESTORATION



June 2012 November 2012

RIPARIAN RESTORATION

Student Interns from Ecological Society of America

Ungulate Foraging Pressures on Riparian Zones Along the South Llano River

Maggie Yarnold

Summary

Riparian ecosystems are vital in stabilizing riverbanks and cut banks as well as providing shade cover to the water. Without healthy riparian zones, the Llano River will change flow patterns more quickly and the water's temperature will rise by as much as two degrees Celsius. An increase in temperature due to shade cover loss will alter the biodiversity within the river itself. Riparian deterioration leads to the overall deterioration of the river ecosystem with the loss of key species and class I macroinvertebrates (most favorable). This study will examine how ungulate herbivory affects riparian ecosystems' health. Due to foraging selectivity, it is expected that ungulates (specifically whitetail and axis deer) are altering the soil composition and species richness within riparian zones. The selected study site receives higher levels of disruption and has many areas with very few young saplings/seedlings outside of the exclosure. In order to determine the impact of

BRUSH CONTROL FOR WATER SUPPLY



BRUSH CONTROL FOR WATER SUPPLY



GENERAL SCIENCE



Dye-Tracing Study

WORKSHOPS



Texas Watershed Steward



About

Lone Star Healthy Streams Program

WORKSHOPS



Texas Well Owner Network

November 14, 2017 8:30am-12:30pm

WORKSHOPS



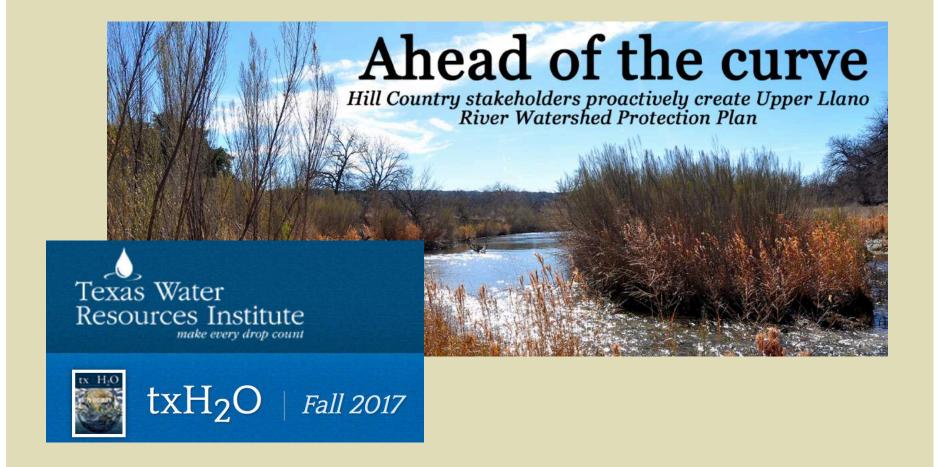
Axis Stakeholder Meeting

WATER QUALITY MONITORING

Texas Stream Team



PRESS



PRESS

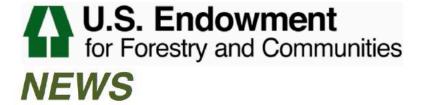
JULY 7, 2017

Watershed Week in Review

Llano River Watershed Alliance and Llano River Field Station

Weekly Newsletter

GRANTS SUBMITTED



HEALTHY WATERSHED CONSORTIUM GRANT PROGRAM GROWS

Natural Resources Conservation Service Partnership Expands Funding for 2017 Request for Proposals Released

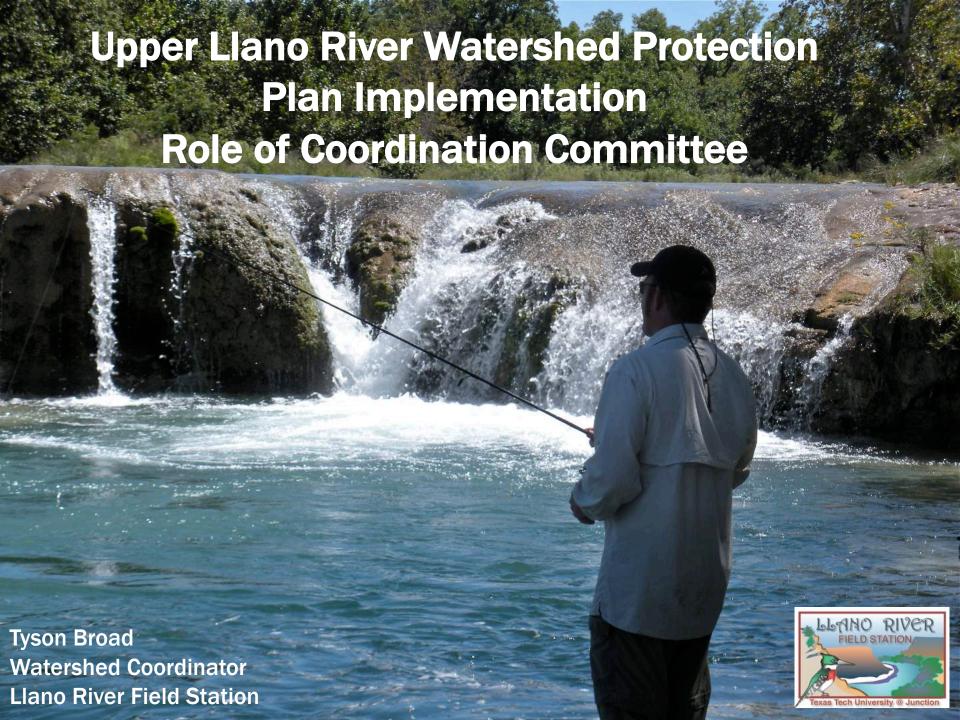


GRANTS SUBMITTED



Watershed Protection Plan Program





Members

Jerry Kirby - Kimble GCD

Andrew Burnard - N Liano Landowner

Dandy Kothmann - Kimble Co NRCS

Sam Jetton - Burn Association

Scott Whitener - S Liano River St Pk

Znobia Wootan - LRWA

Megan Bean - TPWD

Melissa Parker - TPWD

Marty Graham - TSSWCB

Bob Brockman - Sutton Co Comm.

Joe David Ross - N Liano Landowner

Delbert Roberts - Kimble Co Judge
Garry Merritt - Real Co Judge
James Crockett - Edwards Co AgriLife
Russell Hammonds - City of Junction
Sam Silvers - Kimble Co AgriLife
Jim Polonis - Sutton Co GCD
Charles Hagood - First State Bank
Lori Hazel - Texas Forest Service
Art Mudge - N Llano Landowner
Tom Vandivier - S Llano Landowner
Ruthie Russell - S Llano Landowner

Role:

- Coordination Committee serve as stakeholder representatives
- Decision-making body for WPP Implementation
- Prioritize Management Measures
- Aid in Implementation of WPP through local outreach

Questions for Coordination Committee

- Bylaws (see handout)
- Working Groups
 - Invasive Species-Aquatic & Terrestrial
 - Riparian Protection & Management
 - Water Quality, Conservation & Flow
 - Upland Management
 - Water Supply Enhancement

Bylaws

- Purpose
- Goals
- Powers
- Life of Steering Committee
- Membership
- Meetings
- Roles
- Decision-making Process
- Revisions
- Process for Development of New Bylaws

Previous Working Groups

- Invasive Species
- Riparian Protection & Management
- Water Quality, Conservation & Flow
- Upland Management
- Water Supply Enhancement

New Working Groups?

- Funding
- Implementation and Adaptive Management
- Outreach

